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# THE GREATNESS AND THE HAPPINESS OF A PEOPLE BRIEFLT CONSIDERED. 

## A DISCOURSE,

DEIIVEIEED 3N THE
scotch church at montreal, ON TIIE

91st OF APRLL LAS'T,

BEING


By the Rey. JAMES SOMERVILLE.

1814. MICR.

THE GREATNESS AND THE HAPPINESS OF A PEOPLE BRIEFLY CONSIDERED.

## A <br> DISCOURSE,

DELIVERED IN THE SCOTCII CHURCII AT MONTREAL, ON THE 21st OF APRIL $181:$, BEING THE DAY AP-,

POINTED FOR A GENERAL TIIANKSGIVING.

## DeUt. XXXIII—29. $^{2}$

Happy art thou O Israel! who is like unto thee, $O$ people, savea by the Lord, the shield of thy belp, and webo is the sword of thy Excellency! and thine enemies shall be found liars unto thee, and thou shalt tread upon their bigh places.

TO confider on what grounds the greatnefs and the happinefs of a nation mult rest, and by what means they are beft fecured, muft be a Subject in the ligheft degree interefting to every one who loves his
country; or who has even a proper regard for his own welfare. This fubject is interefting at all times; but in an efpecial manner at thofe periods, when every one who is difpofed to attend to it, may learn a leffon from the events which inave taken piace.

If we look back to what has happened, within but a few years, we fhall find, that in many cafes, the wifdom of the wife feems to lave become foolifhnefs; and that an overwhelming power, had threatened to fet at defiance, all thofe calculations.refpecting human affairs, in which men had been wont to truft. It was a period of deccit, terror, and defolation.

In contemplating the awful phenomenon, the human mind feems to have loft its energy, and, in a kind of liftefs flupor, appeared to have concluded, that there were no means to befound to counteract the progrefs of the giant force. ${ }^{-}$

At this important crifis, another power put itfelf in motion, wifhing, if it had been poffible, to attain to greatnefs, by lending its feeble help to banifh treedom from the Eartio ; and to deftroy every thing which gives a value to human exiftence by making it dignified and refpectable.

But, bleffed be God, thefe times have paffed away. The encrgies of the human mind have again becn called forth from that fate of torpor into which they had funk, and thofe exertions which bave been

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## ( 6 )

blefs; in order that we may never be guilty of the folly of neglecting them, and yet hope to meet with fuccefs.

In giving you my thoughts, refpecting the greatneis. and the happinefs of a people, I fhall merely direct your attention to a few of thofe particulars, which
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inhabitants of the country, and not any particular clafs of them : though I am aware that the word has been ufed in a different fenfe; to give a certain clafs of people a degree of artificial importance of which they would have never thought, had it not been inftilled into thea by perions, of whofe defigns, thofe called the people, were not aware.

By the fpirit of the people at large, I mean that fenfe of independence, and correctnefs of thinking, ot which that nation I an fpeaking of, has heen allowed to polfers a very large portion. This is the Spirit which is hated and envied by every Defpot; tiough it will be cherithed by the Monarch of a free people, as the brighteft jewel in his crown.-This fpirit is the fource of every noble and manly feeling; it is generous, brave, and undaunted. No highnefs of rank, no greatnefs of wealth, will fecure the vicious and unprincipled from its cenfure and punifhment; while, at the fame time, the man devoid of rank and wealth cannot be oppreffed with impunity.

When fuch is the value and importance of this fpirit, let. us confider by what means it is excited, cherimed, and preferved.

In the firft place, it is excited by that education which the youth of that nation very generally receive. It is thus, that the fparks of Independence and perional dignity areexcited; and tae fourda-

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tion is thus laid, upon which the future character is formed. The youth are thus taught, and they alfo find in their actual experience, that there is no protection afforded for meannefs, bafenefs, or deceit :that they muft act their part well, or nothing can fave them from that contempt and difgrace which they have brought upon themfelves.

In addition to this, the youth very generaliy hecome acquainted with the truths of the Chriftian religion, which have a much greater influence upon the mind than the generality of people are awre of. It is true, that the education a mall may have received, may not, in every cafe, be fuppofed to have been of much ufe to him in forming his characier, or in leading him on to eminence and diftinction: but we ought to confider, that when fuch have heen the principal means of torming the character of fo many who have acted a diftinguifhed part in fociety, that they fhould never be deemed of little importance.

In the fecond place, the fpirit of the people is preferved by that political conftitution under which they live. They feel that they are protected; and that every one has a perfonal refpectability fuited to his fituation in life, of which nothing but his own mifconduct can deprive him. It is this which ftirs up every one who underfands his duty to exert himfelf well; for he is fure of the reward of his labour, and that in the ufe of proper means no one is allowed
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to interfere with hisexertions. Hence the many inftances which we find ot people who began life under tine moft unfavorable circumftances, riling by degrees to great eminence and refpectability, and alfo becoming diftinguifhed and ufeful members of fociety.

While fuch examples excite the emulation of the well difpoled youth, and ftimulate their exertions, they alfo thew them the neceffity of uling only thofe means wich are commendable and proper, otherwife they are fure to failin any wifh they may have eatertained, to become refpectable and ufétul members of fociety.

When feeaking of the political conftitution of that people of which we form a part, let it be diftinctly attended to ; that the ftability of that conftitution appears to depend in a great meafure, on that highminded and noble body which form a part of the national legiflature. They are placed in that happy fate of independence, whici is neither to be awed by fuperior power ; nor induced to act rahhly or foolifhly by idle clamour or artificial commotion. To be convinced that what I have now ftated is true, look only at the exertions which thofe men have made both at home and abioad for the welfare of their country.

In addition to this, there are fo many men who are poffeffed of found widom and independence of fpirit, who watch over the welfare of the nation at large ;
c
that there is little occafion for apprchending, that any real evil which can be removed, will pafs unnoticed for any great length of time. The perdeverance with which tie abolition of a traffic in human beings has been followed up, will fhew clearly the truth of what I have now faid.

In the third place the fpirit of the people is preforved by the inde; endence, the purity, and the dignity of our Courts of Juftice. This is one of the firlt bleffings which a nation can poffefs.

In every nation in which Juftice is not refpected and enforced, the people foon degenerate and become fwindlers and cheats, murderers and affaffins.-The hiftory of all the nations of the earth proves, that what 1 have now fated is frictly correct. How neceffary is it then, to have the means of curbing and kesping in order, the felfinh and unruly paffions of mankind.

The welfare of a nation can neither be prometed nor preferved, without the impartial diftribution of Juftice: and Juftice cannot be impartialiy diftributed; unlefs the Judges are independent. Ttey muft rot be afraid of the face of man - They muft therefore feel themfelves perfectly independent and fecure, unlefs from malverfation in their office; and this malverfation muft be fo cvident, as to admit of no doubt.

## ( II )

To fee the truth of what Inow fay of our Courts of Juftice, let any man poffeffed of ordinary candour attend to the minuteness with which evidence is inveftigated in the courfe of a trial ; and he will thus be forced to confefs, that it fhews in a true point of view the dignity to which the human character may attain.

In the fourth place the firit of the people is preferved by the freedom of the Prefs.-This is a moft powerful mean for diffufing information amongft a people. It is true the information which may he diffuled in this manner may be falfe, and the moft pernicious errors may he thus inculcated-But, my friends, if we are to reject what is really good in itfelf, becaufe

## (12)

caufe it may occafionally be the means of exciting trouble and difficulty, I am afraid there are very few bleffings that we thail not be obliged to relinquifh for the fame reafon- - Men in their ufual intercourfe with each other offen deal in falfehood; they make profeffions of friendhip where they mean nothing, and ax the very moment they may be mof keenly purfuing their own felfifh view, they may be trying to make you belive, that it is your interef only which they wifh to promote. - But though fuch abufes prevail ir fociety, furely that circumftance does not prove, that men fhould not affociate with each other, or that they fhould feperate and become folitary individuals. In like manner might we argue with regard to health, or the poffeffion of riches. Health has very often been applied to a bad ufe; but ftill it is confidered as a moft valuable poffeffion. Riches have alfo been very often employed to promote the worft of purpofes; yet riches are deemed, and that properly, a very defirable object.

When therefore, we allow that an important and ufefut privilege may be and often is, made ufe of ing a very inproper manner, never let us lofe fight of the real value of the Privilege in itfelf. When we wifh to get rid at any difficulty or inconvenience; never let usforget thie circumftance, that if we ufe improper means tor accomplifhing what we have in view, we fhall thereby in all probability introduce fomething which will be a great deal worfe, than that of which
now complaining -The advocates for innovation, of whatever party they may be, hould never allow themfelves to become indifferent as to the nature of the means they make ufe of to attain the end they have ill view. - If you rake ufe of improper and unjuit means to obtain an object which in itfelf is defirable and highly commendable, you thereby fet an example to thofe who may poffers lefs principle, but more cunning; to make ufe of the fame kind of means to obtain an end, which ought to be execrated and detefted.

Befides, in all free governments, commotions, and turbulence will occafionally take place.-But it is furely better to be liable to this; this open and avowed evil, than to tremble in fecret, left the dagger if the affaffin may deprive you of life; or left you may b: dragged to the dungeon alike unpitied and alike dif-regarded.- The beft lecurity is, for every one to know his duty and to be at all times difpofed to attend to it, with firmnefs and fidelity.

In the fifth place, the fpirit of the people is preferved and cherifhed by that decency of manners wish prevails, and alfo by thofe morals which are not only countenanced hut alfo practifed. When decency of manners prevails it mult be owing to this; that every perfon who acts cintrary to decency, is fure to be cenfured and puni hed.

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To thew you how yery highly this fentiment is felt and acted upon by that people of whom we form a part, you have onty to attend to what takes place even amorght the loweft in point of rank and fortune, when any one has the effrontery to outrage that fentiment of which have been Peaking. You will thus fee, that thofe people eyen the loweft in fociety, häve a much higher and more corrcet lentiment of propriety and decency of conduct; than the far-famed Greeks, or the renowned Rönans, ever poffeffed at any period of their hiftory.

It is of the utmoft importance that fight thinking fhould be diffured through the people at large: and that they flould have a bigh fenfe of what is proper and becoming. Unlefs this is attended to, a people are in the high road to ruin and deftruction.-It is the what I now recommend may fometimes be the means of raifing trouble, and difficulties. Eut thefe troubles and dificulties, when met with calmnefs and decifion foon pafs a way ; and thofe very people who have bcen milled, will afterwards, when they difcover their error, be the firmeft fupport of thofe very meafures of which they had difapproved.-A form of thunder and lightning is grand and awful, and fometimes may.be deftructive; but generally, it balances the clouds, purifies the air, and is the harbinger of fair weather, and fruitful fields.

I added, that the morals of the re ple at large Were

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 tune, fantithus have f profamed fled atinking $:$ and proper people -It is be the there is and le who ifcover meal. ort of 1 formees the of fair
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were alpo good. The morals of a people mut be goo l when vice is obliged at leaft, to conceal itfelf; when it is not countenanced nor attempted to be fultified. 7 an

When we think of the mantels of afferent times when vices, not even to be named amongst us were openiy and publickly committed even by their greaten and their fuppofed wife ft men; what great reason have we to be thankful; "that we have been preferwed from fuch foul contagion.

But the good morals of a people are fhewnia the way in which men act when placed in the mort trying circumftances. When an accent Roman found himfelf placed in difagreeable circumftances, he thought he performed a noble exploit by putting himfelf to death : and this cowardly action was gravely fpoken of as a heroic deed, as fomething great and praife worthy. So do not thole art who have learned, what is taught them in the Chriftian religion. It is true that in the madnefs of paffion, many inftances there are of this crime amongst the people of which we have been freaking, but fill it has not been commonly confidered as any proof either of wifdom, or of real corage.

To fee the manner in which the courage of the nation to which we belong has been difplayed, Ithall not define you to turn your attention to thofe fields where hoots encounter nofts; and where the folder calmly

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calmly and firmly fteps into that breach where he knows that certain death awaits him : I will rather conduct you to that fcene, in which true heroifm and fortitude exift in their moft perfect flate. The fcene I wifh to fet before you is that of a veffel gradually finking in the wavis: deftruction is inevitablef yat no man leaves his port : To the folicitations of the thoughtlefs, that they might be allowed to render themfelves infenfible previcus to death ; alledging as a reafon, that fuch a mode of acting could make no difference ; the anfwer was calm, yet decided; "Let us die like men and not like brute beafts."* This cond ch speaks for itfelf, and it cannot be rendered more friking by any comment,

1 fhall only farther add in the fixth place, that the fpirit of the people is preferved by those benevolent and charitable infitutions for which as a nation they are fo famed. Thert is no country where fuch provifion is made not only for the employment of the poor; but alfo for their fupport, when they are unemployed or in diftrefs:-And of all the people who have ever lived on the face of the earth; none are fo alive to the call ot humanity, from whatever quarter, as they are. The wealth of the uation enables them to be thus liberal and charitable, but I would not wifh to confider wealth as really contributing to the atrength of a nation, without the other circumftances which

- See account of the loss of Abergavenny Nand Chronich for 1805 .
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which I have mentioned : For a people who have no other dependence; but their wealth, will not long be poffeffed of that wealth in which they have thus trufted. But, when along with wealth they poffefs that fpirit of which I have been fpeaking, (which is pre-ertinently the cafe, with the nation to which we belong,) it is then that their wealth is moft likely to be applied to thofe purpofes, which will cherifh and fupport the true greatnefs and happinefs of a people.

I have thus given you my thoughts on what conflitutes the greatnefs and happinefs of a nation; and I have faid, it confifts in the firit of the people at large ; that this firit is preferved and cherifhed in the nation to which we belong; by the nature of the education which the youth receive; by the political conftitution under which they live; by the independence, the purity, and the dignity, of the cuurts of juftice; by the freedom of the prefs; by that decency of manners which prevails; and alfo, by the morals which are really countenanced and practifed; and laftly, by benevolent and charitable inititutions.

Allow me now, before I conclude to reommend it unto you to acuftom yourfelves to think and reflect, before that you give any opinion as to the circumftances in which you may be actually placed.

Whoever expects to pafs through the world without trouble, does not underfland his real intereft ; and whoever withes to obtain for himfelf individual$\mathrm{l}_{9}$ a fecurity from evil which is not to be found any where on earth; will hat die timedifcover, that ie
has been amufing himfelf with a dream, and that he muft awake to vexation and difappointment.

Study to acquire a calm, contented difpofition. I do not mean that you fhould become carelefs or indifferent, or that you fh ould wilh to be idle. I mean the direct contrary, that you thould be well employed at all times; for to be well employed is the bafis of human happinefs.

Guard againft envy, and the whole tribe of the mean and low paffions. Be at all times the steady friends of peace and good order in iociety; and avoid as you would your bittereft enemy, all thofe who are continually complaining of what is taking place.

Recollect, that you have already been tried with alarms; and that you may again be tried in the fame manner. Act as you have hitherto done, and thefe alarms will pafs away.

Truit in the protection of a wife and good Providence; and be at all times difpofed to attend carefully to thofe duties, which are required at your hands.

Remember, that the bleffings of life can neither be acquired nor preferved, without diligence, watchfulnels, and exertion. If you underftand this doctrine aright, long thall you have reafon to fay"Happy art thou O Ifrael! who is like unto thee, "O people, faved by the Lord; the hield of thy "help, and who is the fword of thy Excellency; " and thine enemies fhall be found hiars unto thec, "and thou mits tread upon tuegi higt places."-Amen.
that he ofition'. or inI mean mployhe bafis of the steady d avoid who are ce.
ed with he fame ad thefe od Prond care$r$ hands. neither watchhis doco fayto thee, of thy ellency; ito thec, -Amen.

